**NHS Foundation Trust** 

# Prevention and Treatment Protocol for Incontinence Associated Dermatitis (IAD) in Adults

#### **Nursing Assessment:**

- Does your patient have urinary and/or faecal incontinence?
- Why is your patient currently incontinent?
- Is the incontinence short term or long term?
- What is the condition of the skin?

#### **Moisture Lesions:**

- Superficial skin damage
- When limited to anal cleft likely to be moisture damage
- Diffuse, multifocal skin damage with irregular margins likely to be moisture BUT can be combined with pressure damage





# **Nursing Care Plan:**

#### **Continence Care Considerations:**

- Toileting plan
- Continence pads
- Non-invasive urinary drainage device
- Catheter
- Faecal management system
- Treatment of urinary/faecal infection
- Medication (e.g. Loperamide)

#### **Skin Care**

- Select appropriate level of skin care
- Deliver skin care consistently according to your plan of care
- Medi Derma-S Barrier Cream should always be applied sparingly. A pea sized amount of cream covers a palm sized area of skin.

#### **Prevention:**

- Wash skin with an emollient and rinse (AquaMax in RD&E and ZeroAQS in Community)
- Dry thoroughly
- Apply Medi Derma-S Barrier Cream sparingly
  to intact or damaged skin (after every third wash) and
  allow to air dry before allowing skin to make contact with other
  skin or continence pads



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#### **Moderate IAD:**

- Wash skin with **Dermol** Wash Antimicrobial Lotion and rinse off
- Dry thoroughly
- Apply Medi Derma-S Barrier Film sparingly
  to intact or damaged skin (after every third wash) and
  allow to air dry before allowing skin to make contact with other
  skin or continence pads

### Severe IAD:

- In severe cases, where the skin requires extra protection, cleanse with **Medi Derma-***Pro* Foam & Spray Incontinence Cleanser
- Pat or air dry thoroughly and apply
- Medi Derma-Pro Skin Protectant Ointment after each wash
- As the skin condition improves, step back down to
   Medi Derma-S Barrier Film and then to Medi Derma-S Barrier Cream





## **Nursing Evaluation:**

- Monitor skin and record condition
- Review continence care plan routinely at one week or as continence needs change
- Review skin care plan routinely, if on going deterioration within 48 hours of establishing plan of care, change with step up from Medi Derma-S Barrier Cream to Medi Derma-S Barrier Film.
- At one week if no improvement, or on going deterioration despite consistent care then please refer to Tissue Viability for advice.

#### **Documentation:**

- Produce clear continence care plan
- Detail skin care plan on wound assessment and care plan as appropriate

